CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide with an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 11, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 25, SEQ ID NO: 29, SEQ ID NO: 64 or fragments thereof.
- 2. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 3. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 4. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 5. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 6. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13.
- 7. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 22.
- 8. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 9. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27.

- 10. A method for obtaining a nucleic acid sequence encoding an Fc receptor polypeptide comprising:
- a) amplifying a nucleic acid from a nonhuman primate cell with a primer set comprising a forward and a reverse primer, wherein the primer sets are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:31 and SEQ ID NO:32, SEQ ID NO:33 and SEQ ID NO:34, SEQ ID NO:35 and SEQ ID NO:36, SEQ ID NO:37 and SEQ ID NO:38, SEQ ID NO:39 and SEQ ID NO:40, SEQ ID NO:41 and SEQ ID NO:42, SEQ ID NO:43 and SEQ ID NO:44, SEQ ID NO:45 and SEQ ID NO:46, SEQ ID NO:47 and SEQ ID NO:48, SEQ ID NO:49 and SEQ ID NO:50, SEQ ID NO:51 and SEQ ID NO:52, and SEQ ID NO:53 and SEQ ID NO:54;

b)isolating the amplified nucleic acid.

- 11. An isolated nucleic acid prepared according to the method of claim 10.
- 12. A method according to claim 10, wherein the nonhuman primate cell is a spleen cell.
- 13. A method according to claim 10, wherein the nonhuman primate cell is a cynomologus cell or a chimp cell.
- 14. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide encodes an extracellular fragment of the Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 15. A vector comprising a nucleic acid of claim 1.
- 16. A host cell comprising a vector of claim 15.
- 17. A host according to claim 16, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.

- 18. A nucleic acid of claim 1, further comprising a polypeptide nucleotide sequence encoding a heterologous polypeptide operably linked to the nucleotide sequence encoding a Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 19. A nucleic acid according to claim 18, wherein the heterologous polypeptide provides for purification of the Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 20. A nucleic acid according to claim 19, wherein the heterologous polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of Gly/His₆ fused to glutathione S-transferase, 6-His tag, thioredoxin tag, hemaglutinin tag, Glylh156 tag, and OmpA signal sequence tag.
- 21. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9 or SEQ ID NO: 65, or fragment thereof.
- 22. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15 or SEQ ID NO: 66, or fragment thereof.
- 23. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid of SEQ ID NO: 17 or SEQ ID NO: 67, or fragment thereof.
- 24. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 18 or SEQ ID NO: 68, or fragment thereof.
- 25. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20 or SEQ ID NO: 69, or fragment thereof.
- 26. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 64, or SEQ ID NO: 71, or SEQ ID NO: 72, or fragment thereof.
- 27. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25 or SEQ ID NO: 70.

- 28. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11.
- 29. An isolated fusion protein comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide fragment having an aminoacid sequence of $\Delta 1$ to $\Delta 269$ of SEQ ID NO:65.
- 30. An isolated fusion protein comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide fragment having an aminoacid sequence of $\Delta 1$ to $\Delta 182$ of SEQ ID NO:66.
- 31. An isolated fusion protein comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide fragment having an aminoacid sequence of $\Delta 1$ to $\Delta 184$ of SEQ ID NO:68.
- 32. An isolated fusion protein comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide fragment having an aminoacid sequence of $\Delta 1$ to $\Delta 187$ of SEQ ID NO:69.
- 33. An isolated fusion protein comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide fragment having an aminoacid sequence of $\Delta 1$ to $\Delta 274$ of SEQ ID NO:71 or SEQ ID NO:72.
- 34. An isolated fusion polypeptide according to claim 29, wherein the heterologus polypeptide is a gly/his6-gst tag..
- 35. An isolated fusion polypeptide comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide of claim 27.
- 36. An isolated fusion polypeptide comprising a heterologous polypeptide joined to a Fc receptor polypeptide of claim 28.

- 37. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9.
- 38. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15.
- 39. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 98% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 17.
- 40. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 92% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 18.
- 41. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 92% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20.
- 42. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 93% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25.
- 43. An isolated polypeptide variant having an amino acid sequence having at least 97% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29.
- 44. A method for evaluating at least one biological property of an Fc region containing molecule comprising:
 - a) contacting an isolated non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide with an Fc region containing molecule; and
 - b) determining the effect of the contact on at least one biological property of the Fc region containing molecule.
- 45. A method according to claim 44, wherein the Fc region containing molecule is an antibody.

- 46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the antibody is a humanized antibody.
- 47. A method according to claim 46, wherein the antibody is an antibody variant.
- 48. A method according to claim 47, wherein the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide is a soluble receptor.
- 49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the non-human primate receptor polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of FcγRI α-chain, FcγRIIA, FcγRIIB, FcγRIIIA α-chain, FcRn α-chain and mixtures thereof.
- 50. A method according to claim 44, wherein the non-human primate receptor polypeptide is expressed on a cell.
- 51. A method according to claim 44, wherein the biological property is the binding affinity of the Fc region containing molecule for the non-human primate receptor polypeptide.
- 52. A method according to claim 44, wherein the biological property is the toxicity of the Fc region containing molecule.
- 53. A method according to claim 44, wherein the isolated non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide is a FcRn α -chain and the biological property is the half-life of the Fc region containing molecule.
- 54. A method according to claim 44 wherein the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide comprises an amino sequence of 1 to 265 of SEQ ID NO: 65.
- 55. A method according to claim 44, wherein the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of 1 to 172 of SEO ID NO: 66.

- 56. A method according to claim 44, wherein the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of 1 to 174 of SEQ ID NO: 68.
- 57. A method according to claim 47, wherein the non-human primate receptor polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of amino acids 1 to 172 of SEQ ID NO: 69.
- A method according to claim 44, wherein the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of amino acids 1 to 171 of SEQ ID NO: 67.
- 59. A method for evaluating at least one biological property of an Fc region containing molecule comprising:
 - a) contacting a Fc region containing molecule with a cell transformed with an isolated nucleic acid according to claim: 1; and
 - b) determining the effect of the contact on at least one biological property of the Fc region containing molecule.
- 60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the Fc region containing molecule is an antibody or antibody variant.
- 61. A method according to claim 59, wherein the biological property is the binding affinity of the Fc region containing molecule for the non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 62. A method according to claim 59, wherein the cell is transformed with at least two nucleic acids according to claim 1.

- 63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the nucleic acids comprise a nucleic acid that encodes a cynomolgus FcγRI α-chain of SEQ ID NO: 9 and a nucleic acid that encodes a cynomolgus FcγR gamma chain of SEQ ID NO: 11.
- 64. A method according to claim 62, wherein the nucleic acids comprise a nucleic acid that encodes a cynomolgus FcγRIII α-chain of SEQ ID NO: 20 and a nucleic acid that encodes a cynomolgus FcγR gamma chain of SEQ ID NO: 11.
- 65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the nucleic acids comprise a nucleic acid that encodes a cynomolgus Fc γ R α -chain of SEQ ID NO: 29 and a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a cynomolgus β -2 microglobulin of SEQ ID NO:25.
- 66. A method for identifying an agent that has an increased affinity for at least one cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITAM region compared to human Fc receptor polypeptide comprising:
 - a) determining the binding affinity of the agent to at least one cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide associated a polypeptide with an ITAM region;
 - b) determining the binding affinity of the agent to the corresponding human Fc receptor polypeptide; and
 - c) selecting agents that have an increased affinity for the cynomolgus Fcγ receptor polypeptide associated with a polypeptide with an ITAM region compared to the corresponding human Fc receptor.
- 67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the agent is an antibody.
- 68. A method according to claim 67, wherein the agent is an IgG antibody.
- 69. A method according to claim 67, wherein the Fc receptor polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of Fc γ R1 α -chain, Fc γ RIIA, Fc γ RIIIA α -chain and mixtures thereof.

- 70. A method for identifying an agent that has an altered affinity for a cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITIM region compared to corresponding human Fc receptor polypeptide comprising:
 - a) determining a binding affinity for the agent to be at least one cynomolgus FcyRIIB receptor polypeptide;
 - b) determining a binding affinity of the agent to corresponding human FcyRIIB receptor polypeptide; and
 - c) selecting agents with altered affinity for a cynomolgus FcγRIIB receptor polypeptide with an ITIM region compared to corresponding human FcγRIIB polypeptide.
- 71. A method according to claim 70, wherein the agent is an antibody.
- 72. A method for identifying an agent with increased binding affinity for a cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITAM region and decreased affinity for a cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITIM region comprising:
 - a) determining a binding affinity of the agent for at least one cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide associated with an ITAM region and a binding affinity of the agent to the corresponding human Fc receptor polypeptide;
 - b) determining the binding affinity of the agent for at least one cynomolgus

 Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITIM region and a binding affinity of the
 agent for the corresponding human Fc receptor polypeptide; and
 - c) selecting an agent with enhanced binding for a cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITAM region and a decreased affinity for a cynomolgus Fc receptor polypeptide with an ITIM region compared to the corresponding human Fc receptor polypeptides.
- 73. A method according to claim 72, wherein the Fcy receptor with an ITAM region is an Fcy receptor IIA and the Fcy receptor with an ITIM region is a Fcy receptor IIB.
- 74. A method according to claim 73, wherein the agent is an antibody.

- 75. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a non-human primate Fc receptor polypeptide with an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 65, SEQ ID NO: 66, SEQ ID NO: 67, SEQ ID NO: 68, SEQ ID NO: 69, SEQ ID NO: 70, SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72 or fragments thereof.
- 76. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1.
- 77. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 78. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5.
- 79. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 80. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13.
- 81. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide sequence has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 22.
- 82. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 83. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 75, wherein the polynucleotide has a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27.
- 84. A vector comprising a nucleic acid of claim 75/

- 85. A host cell comprising a vector of claim 84.
- 86. A host according to claim 85, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- 87. A nucleic acid of claim 75, further comprising a polypeptide nucleotide sequence encoding a heterologous polypeptide operably linked to the nucleotide sequence encoding a Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 88. A nucleic acid according to claim <u>87</u>, wherein the heterologous polypeptide provides for purification of the Fc receptor polypeptide.
- 89. A nucleic acid according to claim 88, wherein the heterologous polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of Gly/His₆ fused to glutathione S-transferase, 6-His tag, thioredoxin tag, hemaglutinin tag, Glylh156 tag, and OmpA signal sequence tag.
- 90. An isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the Fc receptor polypeptide has an amino acid sequence of amino acid residues of 1 to 274 of SEQ ID NO: 71 or SEQ ID NO:72.